



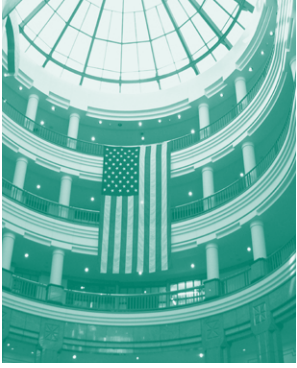
Connecticut League of Conservation Voters



2007

ENVIRONMENTAL SCORECARD

Electing Pro-Environment Lawmakers
Holding Legislators Accountable
Engaging The Public In State Policy



Mixed Tally with Significant Wins

Within hours of ending a five-month legislative session, the tally became clear. There were several highly significant wins on the environment, two anti-environmental bills that went forward despite vigorous opposition from environmental leaders, and many good bills that were derailed by special interests.

VICTORIES

- Pesticide ban (5234)
- Farmland preservation (872)
- Energy plan (7432)
- Electronic waste recycling (7249)
- Environmental review of state surplus land (1182)
- Smart growth (7090)
- Alternative fuels/biodiesel (Budget)

BAD BILLS THAT PASSED

- Watershed land leased for mining (1341)
- Weakening Wetlands Commissions (7040)

WORK LEFT UNDONE

- Global warming (1432)
- Bottle Bill (1289)
- Protect natural buffers for rivers and streams (7343)
- Medical waste pollution in waterways (5292)
- Restrict pollution from idling vehicles (988)
- Siting of polluting facilities/environmental justice (1330)

* Bill summaries begin on page 7.

Bottle Bill: Defeated

Most notable among the failed environmental efforts this year include a crucial expansion of the Bottle Bill. This would have updated our recycling laws by giving consumers a five-cent refund for plastic water and juice containers – a rule that currently applies only to carbonated beverage containers.



LEGISLATIVE “RAT”

40-year mining lease on 131 acres of protected water company land

ONE PARTICULARLY OUTRAGEOUS MEASURE was added as a last minute amendment to a Public Health bill. This provision opens the door for a private mining company to lease 131 acres of Class I and II water company land (the most highly protected under Connecticut state law) for a forty-year mining operation in New Britain/Plainville. Legislators refused to take a roll call vote on an amendment that was added to an unrelated bill on the last day of the session with no public review, so the entire bill is scored.

FORTUNATELY, A FEW LANDMARK BILLS WERE PASSED

by the legislature in the final days of the session—

- a collection and recycling program for electronics—such as computers and televisions—that will be free of charge for consumers
- \$20 million in lump sum farmland bonding and creation of an advisory board for farmland preservation
- a ban on pesticide use on school grounds to ensure a safer environment for our most at-risk residents
- a framework for “responsible growth” for land use and transportation policies and
- a long-awaited energy bill designed to increase energy conservation and efficiency and lower Connecticut’s historically high electricity costs.

BUDGET & BONDING

A Special Session was convened in late June to decide the state’s 2008-2009 budget and bonding package. Recent budgets have cut support for the Department of Environmental Protection in spite of the continually expanding responsibilities assigned to it.

One of the most egregious cuts (\$1.7 million) to the agency in the last budget was restored this year, but legislators kept the overall funding flat and eliminated seven Conservation Officer positions that had been included in an earlier version of the budget.

The budget does contain additional funds for two new programs, pesticides and invasive plants, which will require additional staff. Separate from the operating budget, last year’s failed bonding package left open space, farmland, and water programs seriously underfunded. As of this report, we are still without a bonding package. Legislators are expected to return to Hartford to finalize bonding over the summer. Contact CTLCV for an update.



Scorecard: A diverse set of environmental concerns

Legislation included in this scorecard represents a diverse set of environmental concerns proposed by environmental advocacy groups. We monitor and track the progress of each measure with advocates. For the most part, we have scored votes that were NOT unanimous in committees and in each chamber. Legislators are graded based on their total environmental votes for the session. Neither absences or abstentions are calculated in the final score.

Like the legislative process, our scoring process is not perfect. We have worked vigorously to share with the public as much information as possible and to make the workings of the Legislature transparent.

Committee work is critical. Committee votes are often the best indicator of a legislator's true position, whereas bills scored in the House and Senate are often unanimous or along party lines. We have included Legislator-specific data on a variety of committee votes on each of the thirteen bills we tracked this session. Tables containing this data begins on page 12 with the Senate followed by data for the House of Representatives beginning on page 14.

In summary, the overall average for the Senate and the House of Representatives has declined from previous years.

2007	House	71%	Senate	70%
2006		88%		97%
2005		85%		91%

DESERVING OF SPECIAL RECOGNITION

Legislators who merit special recognition for championing legislation and those who were obstacles to good environmental legislation are noted in the description of each bill we scored. The following legislators are specifically noted for achieving the highest and lowest scores amongst their peers in the Senate and the House of Representatives.

Highest Scores

House: Rep. Wright	100%	Senate: Sen. Roraback	100%
Rep. Backer	100%	Sen. Freedman	100%
Rep. Christiano	100%	Sen. McKinney	88%
Rep. Fleischmann	100%	Sen. Finch	85%

Lowest Scores

House: Rep. Piscopo	19%	Senate: Sen. Kissel	33%
Rep. Green	25%	Sen. Caligiuri	44%
Rep. Noujaim	29%	Sen. Fasano	44%
Rep. Miner	33%	Sen. DeLuca	50%



Scorecard Summary

	PARTY	DISTRICT	2007 SCORE
SENATORS			
Caligiuri	R	16	44%
Capiello	R	24	64%
Colapietro	D	31	60%
Coleman	D	2	67%
Crisco	D	17	67%
Daily	D	33	77%
Debicella	R	21	60%
DeFronzo	D	6	84%
DeLuca	R	32	50%
Doyle	D	9	57%
Duff	D	25	77%
Fasano	R	34	44%
Finch	D	22	85%
Fonfara	D	1	77%
Freedman	R	26	100%
Gaffey	D	13	70%
Gomes	D	23	71%
Guglielmo	R	35	54%
Handley	D	4	75%
Harp	D	10	75%
Harris	D	5	81%
Hartley	D	15	64%
Herlihy	R	8	54%
Kissel	R	7	33%
LeBeau	D	3	80%
Looney	D	11	63%
Maynard	D	18	80%
McDonald	D	27	73%
McKinney	R	28	88%
Meyer	D	12	80%
Nickerson	R	36	79%
Prague	D	19	75%
Roraback	R	30	100%
Slossberg	D	14	79%
Stillman	D	20	77%
Williams	D	29	63%
REPRESENTATIVES			
Abercrombie	D	83	67%
Adinolfi	R	103	60%
Alberts	R	50	39%
Aldarondo	D	75	80%
Altobello	D	82	54%
Aman	R	14	67%
Amann	D	118	67%
Aresimowicz	D	30	50%
Ayala	D	128	75%

	PARTY	DISTRICT	2007 SCORE
Bacchiochi	R	52	60%
Backer	D	121	100%
Barry	D	12	90%
Bartlett	D	2	82%
Belden	R	113	64%
Berger	D	73	50%
Boucher	R	143	88%
Boukus	D	22	83%
Burns	R	77	63%
Butler	D	72	45%
Bye	D	19	67%
Cafero	R	142	67%
Candelaria	D	95	75%
Candelora	R	86	50%
Caron	R	44	50%
Carson	R	108	73%
Caruso	D	126	75%
Chapin	R	67	56%
Christ	D	11	82%
Christiano	D	134	100%
Clemons	D	124	75%
D'Amelio	R	71	50%
Dargan	D	115	67%
Davis	D	117	92%
DelGobbo	R	70	64%
Dillon	D	92	90%
Donovan	D	84	67%
Drew	D	132	92%
Dyson	D	94	60%
Esposito	D	116	57%
Fahrbach	R	61	71%
Fawcett	D	133	89%
Feltman	D	6	63%
Ferrari	R	62	50%
Fleischmann	D	18	100%
Floren	R	149	77%
Fontana	D	87	67%
Fox	D	146	67%
Frey	R	111	67%
Fritz	D	90	70%
Genga	D	10	80%
Gentile	D	104	82%
Geragosian	D	25	67%
Giannaros	D	21	92%
Gibbons	R	150	64%
Giegler	R	138	57%
Giuliano	R	23	67%
Godfrey	D	110	67%



Scorecard Summary

	PARTY	DISTRICT	2007 SCORE
Gonzalez	D	3	75%
Graziani	D	57	83%
Green	D	1	25%
Greene	R	105	38%
Guerrera	D	29	57%
Hamm	D	34	90%
Hamzy	R	78	83%
Harkins	R	120	63%
Heinrich	D	101	89%
Hennessy	D	127	95%
Hetherington	R	125	85%
Hewett	D	39	80%
Hovey	R	112	50%
Hurlburt	D	53	85%
Janowski	D	56	50%
Jarmoc	D	59	67%
Johnston	D	51	43%
Jutila	D	37	86%
Kalinowski	R	100	75%
Keeley	D	129	80%
Kehoe	D	31	77%
Kirkley-Bey	D	5	78%
Klarides	R	114	50%
Labriola	R	131	63%
Lawlor	D	99	88%
Leone	D	148	75%
Lewis	D	8	90%
Malone	D	47	83%
Mazurek	D	80	70%
McCluskey	D	20	69%
McCrary	D	7	71%
McMahon	D	15	71%
Megna	D	97	91%
Merrill	D	54	88%
Mikutel	D	45	83%
Miller	R	122	54%
Miner	R	66	33%
Mioli	D	136	71%
Morin	D	28	86%
Morris	D	140	80%
Moukawsher	D	40	56%
Mushinsky	D	85	92%
Nafis	D	27	75%
Nardello	D	89	88%
Nicastro	D	79	63%
Noujaim	R	74	29%
O'Brien	D	24	75%

	PARTY	DISTRICT	2007 SCORE
O'Connor	D	35	89%
Olson	D	46	86%
O'Neill	R	69	70%
Orange	D	48	78%
O'Rourke	D	32	92%
Panaroni	D	102	38%
Pawelkiewicz	D	49	82%
Perone	D	137	75%
Piscopo	R	76	19%
Powers	R	151	57%
Reinoso	D	130	75%
Reynolds	D	42	89%
Ritter	D	38	90%
Roldan	D	4	83%
Rowe	R	123	71%
Roy	D	119	88%
Ruwet	R	65	45%
Ryan, J.	R	141	36%
Ryan, K.	D	139	78%
Sawyer	R	55	43%
Sayers	D	60	63%
Schofield	D	16	67%
Scribner	R	107	40%
Serra	D	33	63%
Shapiro	D	144	82%
Sharkey	D	88	87%
Spallone	D	36	87%
Staples	D	96	83%
Stone	D	9	63%
Stripp	R	135	63%
Taborsak	D	109	73%
Tallarita	D	58	60%
Tercyak	D	26	75%
Thompson	D	13	70%
Tong	D	147	80%
Truglia	D	145	78%
Urban	D	43	94%
Villano	D	91	75%
Walker	D	93	82%
Wasserman	R	106	88%
Widlitz	D	98	78%
Wilber	D	63	63%
Williams	R	68	50%
Willis	D	64	83%
Witkos	R	17	83%
Wright	D	41	100%
Zalaski	D	81	70%



Scored bills include both passed and failed.

SB 872 An Act Establishing a Farmland Preservation Advisory Board within the Dept. of Agriculture.

STATUS: PASSED

This long overdue legislation creates an Advisory Board within the DOA to specifically work on farmland preservation. The bill secures the Governor's promise of spending \$20 million state bonding in lump sums of \$5 million every six months over the next two years for the DOA's Preservation Program. The final votes in the House and the Senate were scored. Senators Williams, McKinney, Finch and Roraback as well as Representatives Amann, Willis, Chapin and Roy are to be commended for their strong leadership on this important measure.

SB 1084 Reorganizing Local Land Use Commissions, Boards, and Agencies—OPPOSED

STATUS: FAILED

Advocates strongly opposed this legislation which would have undermined effective inland wetlands commissions. This bill sought to give municipalities the ability to create a land use commission to replace planning and zoning commissions and inland wetland agencies. Combining these two existing agencies diminishes a town's ability to focus resources specifically needed for wetlands protection. The resources that are presently designated for wetlands protection would be removed, and placed in a general fund shared by the

other combined agencies. This bill originated in the Planning and Development Committee and passed the Senate with misinformation that the wetlands provisions had been removed. We applaud Committee co-chair Senator Coleman for responding to environmental concerns and not pursuing the bill after the Senate had voted. We were disappointed that co-chair Representative Feltman refused to discuss the issue with concerned groups. Senator Harris' regular communication with environmental leaders helped them pursue and defeat the bill. We have counted both the committee vote and the Senate vote to recognize those legislators who challenged the measure.

SB 1182 Environmental Review of State Surplus Land

STATUS: PASSED

This represents a two-year effort championed by Senator Slossberg in the Senate, and Representatives Spallone and Floren in the House, to bring more attention to the natural, open spaces owned by the state that are sold or transferred as surplus land without adequate environmental review. With passage of this bill, before any public land of ten acres or more is transferred to a municipality, there must be an opportunity for public notice and comment. This bill passed six committees with a mixture of support, and so all are counted. After lengthy, but successful negotiations with relevant agencies, Senator Gaffey stepped in at the last moment and tied up the bill with provisions that weakened

it. Both chamber votes were unanimous and are not tallied, but the important committee votes are included.

SB 1215 Smart Growth

STATUS: FAILED (See 7090)

With a focus on economic growth, this Smart Growth bill sought to encourage responsible development throughout the state. An important focus of the bill would have brought about property tax reform to encourage better cooperation between towns on development. It also had provisions to establish a state economic development plan to address and resolve issues pertaining to development, transportation, and environmental protection in Connecticut. The bill passed the Senate, but died on the House calendar. Instead, a similar bill, 7090, became the primary Smart Growth bill and the one to successfully pass both Chambers. It lacked the property tax reform provision contained in 1215. All four committee votes on 1215 were scored.

SB 1289 Expansion of the Bottle Bill

STATUS: FAILED

Co-Chairs of the Environment Committee, Senator Bill Finch and Representative Richard Roy led the campaign to expand Connecticut's bottle deposit recycling law. If passed, this long-overdue update to the "Bottle Bill" would allow Connecticut residents to recycle and receive a deposit refund on plastic water bottles, juice containers, flavored tea and sports drink containers. Passage of this bill would preserved resources and



energy by recycling containers into new products, provide incentives for reducing litter and ultimately reduce greenhouse gas emissions because less energy is consumed when containers are recycled into new products and emissions caused by their incineration are eliminated. Manufacturers and grocers continue to be the primary opponents year after year despite the bill's increase in the handling fee paid to stores to offset their costs. The bill easily passed multiple committees and the Senate, but without the necessary support from Speaker Amann to bring the bill to a vote in the House, it was intentionally sent to the General Law Committee in the last days of session where leadership knew it would be killed. All Committee votes and Senate votes were scored. A second vote in the Finance Committee (Amendment B) was also scored as it would have turned the bill into a study. The gutting amendment in Finance was supported by individuals, such as David McCluskey, who even though he had indicated on his LCV questionnaire that he would support expansion of the bottle bill, instead worked to block it this session.

SB 1330 Environmental Justice

STATUS: FAILED

Areas of concentrated poverty tend to have a high density of polluting facilities such as power plants or solid waste facilities that can impact humans and the environment. This bill would have provided safeguards to these environmentally overburdened communities by requiring agencies to analyze cumulative impacts caused by existing facilities within

one mile of a newly proposed facility or expansion of an existing facility. The bill also encouraged remediation and development in these communities. The bill passed in the Energy and Technology and Environment Committees before being voted down in Transportation. All three votes are scored.

1341 Mining on Watershed Land— OPPOSED

STATUS: PASSED

A last minute amendment to this otherwise environmentally benign bill was a major assault on long-standing protections for ecologically sensitive watershed land. The amendment allows a 40-year lease for a gravel mining operation on Class I and II water company lands now owned by New Britain Water Company. This legislative “rat” had no public or environmental review and was purposely placed in 1341 on the last night of session because current law forbids the sale of watershed lands for commercial use. Led by Representative Sayers and Senator DeFronzo, this amendment exempts the city of New Britain from this law. Not only is this a terrible precedent for watershed lands, it is a discreditable way for the legislature to do business.

SB 1432 Global Warming/Municipal Green Fund

STATUS: FAILED

The goal of this legislation championed by Environment Committee co-chair Senator Bill Finch was to lessen Connecticut's ecological footprint by conserving energy and preserving open space. An important provision in the bill was enabling legislation to allow towns to

add 0.5% to the conveyance fee on the purchase of real estate to fund environmental needs. This Municipal Green Fund would have provided much needed funds without raising property taxes. Two votes in the Environment Committee were the only ones scored: the original committee vote, and a vote on a negative amendment that would have removed the Green Fund entirely. The bill was severely undermined in the Planning and Development Committee without a clear vote on the weakening amendment, and was finally referred to the Judiciary Committee by Senate leaders on the last day of session where it died without a vote.

HB 5234 Banning Lawn Care Pesticide Use in Grades K-8

STATUS: PASSED

A law currently exists that will ban the use of lawn care pesticides on preschool and elementary school grounds after a period of time when Integrated Pest Management may be used. This bill expands the ban (which will begin on July 1, 2009 after two more years of permissible Integrated Pest Management) to include playing fields, playgrounds, and school grounds through grade eight. This is a significant victory that will help protect children from the negative health effects associated with long-term exposure to these toxins. Senator Meyer introduced and shepherded the bill through the process. The final Senate and House votes were scored.

HB 7040 Inland Wetlands Decisions— OPPOSED

STATUS: PASSED

Although wetlands are supposed to be protected



by strict planning and zoning laws, this bill (which originated in the Planning and Development Committee) undermines “due consideration” that should be given to recommendations of Inland Wetland Commissions. It calls for both the permitting process and the Inland Wetland review to begin at the same time, instead of starting with the Wetlands review. It is not clear how this will impact permit conditions that are established by a town Planning and Zoning board, but this appears to be a recipe for litigation between developers and towns. The final votes in the House and the Senate were scored.

**HB 7090
Smart Growth**

**STATUS: PASSED
(See 1215)**

Senator Coleman and Representative Sharkey were essential in passage of this important land use planning legislation. Representative Feltman proved to be a major obstacle during the negotiations. The bill created a Responsible Growth Task Force to monitor land use policies and programs and identify criteria for responsible development. It also requires that towns maintain updated development plans that parallel the state’s Plan of Conservation and Development. Most importantly, the bill calls for the preparation of a state economic plan that will direct state investment consistent with the State Conservation and Development Plan. An important provision that was **NOT** contained in 7090 would have brought about property tax reform to encourage better cooperation between towns on development. Two committee

votes are included in the score. All other votes were unanimous in favor of the bill and were not scored.

HB 7249 Recycling of Electronic Devices

STATUS: PASSED

In the past ten years, electronic waste recycling (E-waste) opportunities have been sporadic and inconsistent. A bill failed last year due to disagreement about who would be financially responsible. Since then, Representative Widlitz successfully worked to negotiate a bill to establish a statewide system to recycle computers and televisions. One of the major successes of the session, passage of this bill promotes a “producer-financed, producer-run system.” This is an important step toward reducing toxic materials such as lead and mercury that enter the environment when electronics are not disposed of properly. All six committee, House and Senate votes are scored.

HB 7343 Riparian Corridors—Floodplains

STATUS: FAILED

Non-point source pollution is a major cause of water contamination statewide. In an effort to eliminate a major source of the pollution, this bill expands existing inland water protection to include riparian corridor areas, the land that borders certain streams, brooks, or rivers. It requires that a permit be obtained before carrying out regulated activities, such as construction, alteration, or pollution of the region as well as depositing or removing material from the area. The bill passed the Environment Committee (where it is scored), only to

be killed in the Planning and Development Committee by inaction. The Connecticut Homebuilders Association made killing this bill a top priority.

HB 7432 Energy

STATUS: PASSED

Energy legislation has been in the works for several years. Though legislators differed on several important and controversial provisions, the bill embraces extremely important policy changes that will significantly increase conservation and efficiency measures, thus reducing reliance on ever-increasing amounts of expensive fossil fuels. The bill contained provisions to: require advanced efficiency standards for a wide range of appliances and equipment; mandate that newly built or renovated state funded schools and large private construction projects meet green building standards; commit the state to auctioning **all** of the Regional Greenhouse Gas Initiative (RGGI) emission allowances for the benefit of customers; provide incentives for consumers to switch to renewable energy sources such as solar, hydro and geothermal; remove regulatory provisions that increase utilities’ profits if they sell more electricity; require OPM to develop a state energy plan for all state buildings; and increase the Renewable Portfolio Standard to achieve 20% renewable energy by 2020. The final votes in both the House and Senate were scored.

PLEASE VISIT
conservationeducation.org
to obtain copies of the
2007 Connecticut Energy Primer



Important Bills Not Scored

SB 988 Prohibit Idling of Motor Vehicles

STATUS: FAILED

Going beyond the “no idling” law created for school buses, this bill would have expanded the policy to make unnecessary idling of cars and trucks a motor vehicle infraction. Vehicles left idling unnecessarily contribute pollutants such as carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and sulfur monoxide to the air. If passed, this bill would have provided an economical way to improve Connecticut’s air quality as well as reduce the risk of health problems among residents that result from exposure to airborne pollutants. We applaud Senator Meyer for promoting this important issue. The bill passed the Environment and Transportation committees overwhelmingly, but was left to die without a vote in the Public Safety Committee.

SB 1257 and SB 1356 Milk Commission and Handler Fee

STATUS: FAILED

These bills sought to both create a fee for handling of milk and establish a CT Milk Commission, with powers to regulate the pricing of milk. The commission would help the dairy industry to stabilize and increase its profitability, helping to maintain dairy farms.

SB 1260 Alternative Fuels Bill

STATUS: PROVISIONS INCLUDED IN BUDGET

This Alternative Fuel bill offered numerous tax incentives and grant programs to promote the production and use of biodiesel fuel for

heating and transportation. It would have created a biodiesel task force, required that certain buses, trains, and ferries use biodiesel fuel blends, and encouraged state facilities to heat their buildings with biodiesel fuel. We credit Representative Miller for promoting this legislation for the last two sessions and gathering bipartisan support. This bill passed six committees unanimously, died on the Senate Calendar, but biodiesel language was ultimately included in the OPM budget implementer and passed in Special Session.

HB 5292 Medical Waste Disposal

STATUS: FAILED

In Connecticut, medicines and personal care products often end up in rivers or in Long Island Sound. The presence of antibiotics and other chemicals harms wildlife and plant life in these bodies of water. This legislation would have created a pilot take-back program for pharmaceuticals allowing citizens to return unused medications for proper disposal. This passed unanimously through the Environment Committee, but was killed by inaction in the Judiciary Committee. There is currently discussion about creating a task force to study the issue for action next year.

HB 7275 Face of Connecticut

STATUS: PASSED

Backed by numerous organizations throughout the state, this initiative proposed an integrated and comprehensive set of initiatives that address the need to protect, preserve,

restore and revitalize key natural, historic and urban resources throughout the state in a timely fashion. It called for a continuous source of revenue for the next 10 years to ensure a long term, coordinated effort and provided a vision for Connecticut’s future quality of life. The bill was stripped of funding, but did contain some modest increases in percentage of matching grants for towns, assuming our state leaders decide to increase overall funds available for these core programs. All votes for this bill were unanimous and not scored. Final budget negotiations will determine final outcome.

HB 7377 Green Buildings

STATUS: PROVISIONS INCLUDED IN ENERGY BILL

By encouraging green construction projects, the state and towns can reduce energy costs and the production of greenhouse gas that causes global warming. The bill would have provided tax credits to encourage the use of energy efficient technology and environmentally responsible design and construction in buildings throughout the state. It also required that state funded school buildings meet green standards and provided an increase in state grants for the construction of new or renovated school buildings to cover the initial capital costs. This legislation died on the House Calendar. However some provisions of the bill were included in the Energy Bill (7432).

Interpreting Scoring Tables

Environmental groups from around the state inform us about their priority bills. Throughout the session, we consult with the advocates to monitor and track the progress of each measure.

For the most part, we have scored votes that were NOT unanimous in committees and in each chamber.

Legislators are graded 0-100% based on their total PRO-environmental votes compared to the total number of votes on bills impacting the environment during the session.

- 0** an anti-environment vote
- 1** a pro-environmental vote
- X** an absent vote
- A** an abstention vote.

Neither absences or abstentions are calculated in the final score. Check to see how many times your legislator missed important votes. The following abbreviations show which committee or Chamber vote was scored.

- S** Senate
- H** House of Representatives

- AP** Appropriations Committee
- C** Commerce Committee
- E** Environment Committee
- ED** Education Committee
- ET** Energy Technology Committee
- F** Finance Committee
- GA** Government Administration Committee
- GL** General Law Committee
- J** Judiciary Committee
- PD** Planning & Development Committee
- T** Transportation Committee.



SB 872 secures the Governor's promise of spending \$20 million in state bonding over the next two years for the DOA's Preservation Program.

Photo provided by the Connecticut Farmland Trust.



Senate Votes

SENATOR	872 Farmland Bonding	1084 Land Use Commissions	1084 Land Use Commission	1182 State Surplus Land Review	1182 State Surplus Land Review	1182 State Surplus Land Review	1182 State Surplus Land Review	1182 State Surplus Land Review	1182 State Surplus Land Review	1215 Smart Growth	1215 Smart Growth	1215 Smart Growth	1215 Smart Growth	1289 Bottle Bill	1289 Bottle Bill	1289 Bottle Bill (B)
COMMITTEE OR CHAMBER	S	PD	S	GA	E	AP	ET	F	PD	PD	F	C	AP	E	F	F
TOTAL VOTES: Y-N-A/X	36-0-0	12-6-0	31-5-0	29-0-2	5-0-1	9-0-3	18-1-3	48-3-51	13-6-1	13-5-2	36-17-3	14-6-1	33-0-22	22-8-1	35-15-6	19-30-7
Caligiuri	1		0													
Capiello	1		1			1							X			
Colapietro	1		0													
Coleman	1	0	0						1	1						
Crisco	1		0									1				
Daily	1		0					1			1				1	1
Debicella	1		0		1	1						X	X	A		
DeFronzo	1		0		1			1			1			1	1	1
DeLuca	1		0													
Doyle	1		0													
Duff	1		0			X	X					1	1			
Fasano	1	X	0						1	X						
Finch	1		0		1			1			1			1	1	1
Fonfara	1		0				X	X			1				1	1
Freedman	1		1	1		X							X			
Gaffey	1		0					1			1				A	A
Gomes	1		0			1							1			
Guglielmo	1		0					1			0				0	0
Handley	1		0			1						1	1			
Harp	1		0			1							1			
Harris	1	0	1			1			1	1			1			
Hartley	1		0			1							X			
Herlihy	1		0				1	1			0				X	X
Kissel	1		0									0				
LeBeau	1		0					1			1	1			1	1
Looney	1		0													
Maynard	1		0		1									1		
McDonald	1		0					1			1				1	0
McKinney	1		1		1	X							X	1		
Meyer	1		0	X	X									1		
Nickerson	1		0					1			0				1	1
Prague	1		0			1							1			
Roraback	1		1					1			1				1	1
Slossberg	1		0	1		1							1			
Stillman	1		0					1			1				1	1
Williams	1		0													



House of Representatives Votes

REPRESENTATIVE	872 Farmland Bonding	1084 Land Use Commissions	1182 State Surplus Land Review	1182 State Surplus Land Review	1182 State Surplus Land Review	1182 State Surplus Land Review	1182 State Surplus Land Review	1182 State Surplus Land Review	1215 Smart Growth	1215 Smart Growth	1215 Smart Growth	1215 Smart Growth	1289 Bottle Bill	1289 Bottle Bill	1289 Bottle Bill (B)
COMM. OR CHAMBER	H	PD	GA	E	AP	ET	F	PD	PD	F	C	AP	E	F	F
TOTAL VOTES: Y-N-A/X	135-1-15	12-6-0	12-0-1	29-0-2	31-7-17	18-1-3	48-3-5	13-6-1	13-5-2	36-17-3	14-6-1	33-0-22	22-8-1	35-15-6	19-30-7
Abercrombie	1														
Adinolfi	1				0							X			
Alberts	1			1			1			0	0		0	0	0
Aldarondo	1						1			1				1	1
Altobello	1					0	1			1				0	0
Aman	1	0						0	0						
Amann	1														
Aresimowicz	1						1			1	1			0	0
Ayala	1	X						1	X						
Bacchiochi	1	0						0	1						
Backer	1			1	X	1						1	1		
Barry	1						1			1				1	X
Bartlett	1						1			1				1	1
Belden	1						0			0				1	1
Berger	1						1			1	1			0	0
Boucher	1				X							1			
Boukus	1														
Burns	1				X							X			
Butler	1						1			1				0	0
Bye	1														
Cafero	1														
Candelaria	X				X							1			
Candelora	1	0			0			0	1		0	X			
Caron	1					1	1			0				0	0
Carson	1						1			0				0	1
Caruso	1		1												
Chapin	1			1	0							1	0		
Christ	1						1			1				1	1
Christiano	1	1		1				1	1				1		
Clemons	X				1							1			
D'Amelio	1				0							X			
Dargan	1														
Davis	1			1									1		
DelGobbo	1				0	1						X			
Dillon	X				1							1			



House of Representatives Votes

REPRESENTATIVE	872 State Surplus Land Review	1084 State Surplus Land Review	1182 State Surplus Land Review	1182 State Surplus Land Review	1182 State Surplus Land Review	1182 State Surplus Land Review	1182 State Surplus Land Review	1182 State Surplus Land Review	1182 State Surplus Land Review	1215 Smart Growth	1215 Smart Growth	1215 Smart Growth	1215 Smart Growth	1289 Bottle Bill	1289 Bottle Bill	1289 Bottle Bill (B)
COMM. OR CHAMBER	H	PD	GA	E	AP	ET	F	PD	PD	F	C	AP	E	F	F	
Donovan	1															
Drew	X	1	1					1	1							
Dyson	1	0					1	1	1	1				1	0	
Esposito	1															
Fahrbach	1															
Fawcett	1					1										
Feltman	X	0			X			X	0			1				
Ferrari	1				0	1						X				
Fleischmann	1		1		1							X				
Floren	1		1				1			0				1	1	
Fontana	1					1										
Fox	1	0						1	1							
Frey	1						X			0				1	0	
Fritz	1	1						1	0							
Genga	1				1	1						X				
Gentile	1	1						1	1		1					
Geragosian	X				X							1				
Giannaros	1						1			1	1			1	1	
Gibbons	1					1	1			0				X	X	
Giegler	1															
Giuliano	1															
Godfrey	X															
Gonzalez	1				1							1				
Graziani	1															
Green	X						X			0				X	X	
Greene	1			1									0			
Guerrera	1															
Hamm	1				1							1				
Hamzy	1															
Harkins	1				X							1				
Heinrich	1				1							1				
Hennessy	1	1		1			1	1	1	1			1	1	1	
Hetherington	1		1				1			0				1	1	
Hewett	1				1							1				
Hovey	0				X							X				
Hurlburt	1			1									1			
Janowski	1															
Jarmoc	1															
Johnston	1										1					
Jutila	1			1									0			



1289 Bottle Bill	1330 Environmental Justice	1330 Environmental Justice	1330 Environmental Justice	1341 Mining	1432 Global Warming	1432 Global Warming (A)	5234 Pesticide Use	7040 Wetland Decisions	7090 Smart Growth	7090 Smart Growth	7249 Electronic Devices	7249 Electronic Devices	7249 Electronic Devices	7249 Electronic Devices	7249 Electronic Devices	7343 Riparian Corridors	7432 Energy
GL	ET	E	T	H	E	E	H	H	PD	AP	F	GA	AP	J	H	E	H
				0			1	0							1		1
			1	0			1	1	1			1			1		1
				0			0	0	1		0				1		1
0				0			1	0							1		1
			0	0			1	1							1		1
	1		1	0			1	1							1		1
				X			1	X	1	X			1		1		0
0	0			0			1	1		0			0		1		1
				1			1	1		X		1	1		1		1
				0			1	0			1	1			1		1
	1		1	0			1	0							1		0
			0	0			1	0	1					1	1		1
				0			1	X			1				1		1
				0			1	X	0					1	1		1
	1			0			1	0		1			X		1		1
				0			1	0	1						1		1
				0			1	0		1		1	1	1	1		0
				0			1	1			1				1		1
	0			0			1	0			1				1		1
				0			1	0						0	1		1
				0			1	0							1		1
				0			1	0						1	1		1
				0			1	0		X			1	1	X		X
				0			1	1							1		1
				0			X	X			1			X	X		0
0		0		0	0	0	1	0							0	1	1
			0	0			1	0							1		1
				0			1	X		1			1	1	1		1
				0			1	1						X	1		1
			0	0			1	0		X			X		1		1
				0			1	1		X			1		1		1
		1		1	1	1	1	1	1		1				1	1	0
				0			1	1			1	1			1		1
				0			1	0		1			1		1		1
				0			1	0		X			1	0	1		1
		1		0	1	1	1	1						0	1	1	1
0			0	0			1	0							1		1
				0			1	0							1		1
0				0			0	0							1		X
0		1	1	1	1	1	1	1							1	1	1



House of Representatives Votes

REPRESENTATIVE	872 Farmland Bonding	1084 Land Use Commissions	1182 State Surplus Land Review	1182 State Surplus Land Review	1182 State Surplus Land Review	1182 State Surplus Land Review	1182 State Surplus Land Review	1182 State Surplus Land Review	1215 Smart Growth	1215 Smart Growth	1215 Smart Growth	1215 Smart Growth	1289 Bottle Bill	1289 Bottle Bill	1289 Bottle Bill (B)
COMM. OR CHAMBER	H	PD	GA	E	AP	ET	F	PD	PD	F	C	AP	E	F	F
Kalinowski	1			1									1		
Keeley	1						X			1				1	1
Kehoe	1					1	1			1				1	1
Kirkley-Bey	1				1							1			
Klarides	1						1			0				0	0
Labriola	1		1												
Lawlor	1		1												
Leone	1						1			1				1	0
Lewis	1				1							1			
Malone	X				1							1			
Mazurek	1					1					1				
McCluskey	1						1			1				0	0
McCrory	X				X							1			
McMahon	1														
Megna	1			1									1		
Merrill	1				X							1			
Mikutel	1														
Miller	1			1		1							0		
Miner	1	0		1			1	0	0	0			0	0	0
Mioli	X										1				
Morin	1			1		1							1		
Morris	X														
Moukawsher	1			1			1			1			0	0	0
Mushinsky	X			X			X			1			1	1	1
Nafis	1				X							X			
Nardello	1					1									
Nicastro	1														
Noujaim	1										0				
O'Brien	1						1			1				1	1
O'Connor	1				1						1	X			
Olson	1														
O'Neill	1				0							X			
Orange	1				1							X			
O'Rourke	X		1	1									1		
Panaroni	1														
Pawelkiewicz	1							1		1				1	1
Perone	1			1			1			X			1	1	1
Piscopo	1			1			0			0			0	0	0
Powers	1														
Reinoso	1						1			X				1	1



1289 Bottle Bill	1330 Environmental Justice	1330 Environmental Justice	1330 Environmental Justice	1341 Mining	1432 Global Warming	1432 Global Warming (A)	5234 Pesticide Use	7040 Wetland Decisions	7090 Smart Growth	7090 Smart Growth	7249 Electronic Devices	7249 Electronic Devices	7249 Electronic Devices	7249 Electronic Devices	7249 Electronic Devices	7343 Riparian Corridors	7432 Energy
GL	ET	E	T	H	E	E	H	H	PD	AP	F	GA	AP	J	H	E	H
		1		0	1	0	1	0							1	1	1
				0			1	0			1				1		1
	1			0			1	0			1				1		0
				0			1	0		1			X		1		1
				0			1	0			1			0	1		1
				0			1	0				X		0	1		1
				0			1	X				1		1	1		1
			1	0			1	0		1			1		1		1
				0			1	1					1		1		1
				0			1	X		1			X		X		1
0	1			0			1	0							1		1
			1	0			1	1			1			1	1		0
				0			1	0		1			1		1		X
				0			1	0						1	1		1
1		1		1	X	X	1	1							1	1	0
				X			1	0		1			1		1		1
			X	0			1	1							1		1
	0	0		0	0	0	1	X							1	1	1
		1		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				1	1	1
			0	0			1	1							1		1
	X	1	0	1	1	1	1	0							1	1	1
				0			1	X						1	1		1
		1		0	0	0	1	X			1				1	0	1
		X		0	1	1	1	X			1				1	1	1
				0			1	1		1			1		1		0
	1			1			1	1							1		0
0			0	0			1	1							1		1
			0	0			1	0							0		X
				0			1	0			1			1	1		0
				0			1	X		1			1		1		1
				1			1	0					1	1	1		1
				0			1	1		1			1	0	1		1
				0			1	0		1			1		1		1
		1		1	1	1	1	1				1			1	1	0
0			0	0			1	0							1		0
				0			1	0			1				1		1
		1	0	0	1	0	1	0			X				1	1	1
		0		0	0	0	0	X			0				0	0	1
				0			1	0						0	1		1
				0			X	0			X				1		1



House of Representatives Votes

REPRESENTATIVE	872 Farmland Bonding		1084 Land Use Commissions		1182 State Surplus Land Review		1182 State Surplus Land Review		1182 State Surplus Land Review		1182 State Surplus Land Review		1182 State Surplus Land Review		1215 Smart Growth		1215 Smart Growth		1215 Smart Growth		1215 Smart Growth		1289 Bottle Bill		1289 Bottle Bill		1289 Bottle Bill (B)	
	COMM. OR CHAMBER	H	PD	GA	E	AP	ET	F	PD	PD	F	C	AP	E	F	F	E	F	F									
Reynolds		1				1							1															
Ritter		1				1	1						X															
Roldan		1							1						1	1									1	1		
Rowe		1																										
Roy		1			1	1												1	1									
Ruwet		1							1					0										0	0			
Ryan, J.		1	0								0	0																
Ryan, K.		1				1											1											
Sawyer		1																										
Sayers		1					1																					
Schofield		1																										
Scribner		1							0					0										X	X			
Serra		1																										
Shapiro		1							1				1											1	1			
Sharkey		1	1						1	1	1	1												1	1			
Spallone		1		1	1																		1					
Staples		1							1				1											1	1			
Stone		1																										
Stripp		1				X								0	X													
Taborsak		1	0							1	1																	
Tallarita		X							1				1											0	0			
Tercyak		1				1	1									1												
Thompson		1				1										1												
Tong		1					1								1													
Truglia		1				1											1											
Urban		1		1	1	X											1	1										
Villano		1							1				1											X	X			
Walker		1				1											1											
Wasserman		1				1											X											
Widlitz		1							1				X											1	1			
Wilber		1	0			1					0	1											1					
Williams		1					X							0														
Willis		1			1	X											X	1										
Witkos		1																										
Wright		1			1				1				1					1	1	1								
Zalaski		1							1				1											1	0			





CONNECTICUT LEAGUE OF CONSERVATION VOTERS

A bi-partisan, statewide, nonprofit organization dedicated to protecting Connecticut's environment by making it a priority for our elected leaders.

As a legislative watchdog, CTLCV works in concert with Connecticut's environmental advocacy groups to identify and highlight important bills impacting our air, water, wildlife, open space, and our health.

CTLCV also supports pro-environment candidates for political office at election time and holds state legislators accountable for their votes in an annual Environmental Scorecard.

A special thanks to our stellar interns Nicole Terrillion and Anne Kim for the production of this report.



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